## GCSE

## Mathematics A

## Mark Scheme for June 2012

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\checkmark$ | Correct |
| $x$ | Incorrect |
| BOD | Benefit of doubt |
| FT | Follow through |
| ISW | Ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained), provided method has been completed |
| M0 | Method mark awarded 0 |
| M1 | Method mark awarded 1 |
| M2 | Method mark awarded 2 |
| A1 | Accuracy mark awarded 1 |
| B1 | Independent mark awarded 1 |
| B2 | Independent mark awarded 2 |
| MR | Misread |
| SC | Special case |
| A | Omission sign |

These should be used whenever appropriate during your marking.

The M, A, B etc annotations must be used on your standardisation scripts for responses that are not awarded either 0 or full marks.
It is vital that you annotate these scripts to show how the marks have been awarded.
It is not mandatory to use annotations for any other marking, though you may wish to use them in some circumstances.

## Subject-Specific Marking Instructions

1 M marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.
A marks are for an accurate answer and depend on preceding M (method) marks. Therefore M0 A1 cannot be awarded.
B marks are independent of $\mathbf{M}$ (method) marks and are awarded for a correct final answer or a correct intermediate stage.
SC marks are for special cases that are worthy of some credit.
2 Unless the answer and marks columns of the mark scheme specify $\mathbf{M}$ and $\mathbf{A}$ marks etc, or the mark scheme is 'banded', then if the correct answer is clearly given and is not from wrong working full marks should be awarded.

Do not award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, ie incorrect working is seen and the correct answer clearly follows from it.

3 Where follow through (FT) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct.

Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word their for clarity, eg FT $180 \times$ (their ' $37^{\prime}+16$ ), or FT $300-\sqrt{ }\left(\right.$ their $\left.{ }^{\prime} 5^{2}+7^{2}\right)$. Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by eg FT $3 \times$ their (a).

For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.

4 Where dependent (dep) marks are indicated in the mark scheme, you must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.

5 The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.

- figs 237, for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point eg 237000, 2.37, 2.370, 0.00237 would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not.
- isw means ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained).
- nfww means not from wrong working.
- oe means or equivalent.
- rot means rounded or truncated.
- seen means that you should award the mark if that number/expression is seen anywhere in the answer space, including the answer line, even if it is not in the method leading to the final answer.
- soi means seen or implied.

6 Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated for example by the instruction 'mark final answer’.

7 As a general principle, if two or more methods are offered, mark only the method that leads to the answer on the answer line. If two (or more) answers are offered, mark the poorer (poorest).

8 When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ marks. Deduct 1 mark from any $\mathbf{A}$ or $\mathbf{B}$ marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. M marks are not deducted for misreads.

9 Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75 , which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to $15.8,15$ or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75.

10 If the correct answer is seen in the body of working
i. and the answer given in the answer space is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer'. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.
ii. but the answer space is blank, allow full marks. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.
iii. but a completely different answer is seen in the answer space, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks could still be awarded. Use the M0, M1, M2 annotations as appropriate and place the annotation $\times$ next to the wrong answer.

11 Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.

12 For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.

Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Question} \& Answer \& Marks \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Part Marks and Guidance} \\
\hline 1 \& \& \begin{tabular}{cc} 
\& \(882[.00]\) \\
216.65 \\
6.19 \& \(222.4[0]\) \\
\& \\
\& 1334.40
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{gathered}
1 \\
1 \\
\text { 1FT } \\
1 \\
\text { 1FT }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Their \(216.65 \div 35\) rot to 2 dp \\
Must be correct money notation for final mark 1112 + their 222.4[0]
\end{tabular} \& If VAT is blank but answer 1334.4[0] then VAT mark can be implied \\
\hline 2 \& (a) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Correct front elevation with or without join lines or other interior lines \\
Correct plan including two hidden edges only
\end{tabular} \& \[
2
\]
\[
2
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
M1 for 9 cm by 1 cm rectangle seen or for a 3 cm by 1 cm rectangle seen \\
M1 for 9 cm by 3.5 cm rectangle seen \\
For reversed answers, mark as scheme and then -1
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Condone freehand \\
Allow \(3.5 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}\) \\
Hidden edges dotted or solid
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \& (b) \&  \& 3

1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
isw after a correct answer if attempt to convert to other units <br>
M2 for complete correct method Or M1 for correct method for one relevant volume <br>
Or SC2 for answer 52.5 from using measurements from part (a) <br>
Independent

 \& 

Accept lengths in metres, consistent and correct <br>
eg <br>
M2 for $90 \times 35 \times 10+$

$$
30 \times 35 \times 10 \times 2
$$ <br>

Or M1 for $90 \times 35 \times 10$ (31500) or $30 \times 35 \times 10[\times 2](10500,21000)$ <br>
OR <br>
M2 for $90 \times 40 \times 35-70 \times 30 \times 35$ Or M1 for $90 \times 40 \times 35$ (126000) or $70 \times 30 \times 35(73500)$ etc
\end{tabular} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part Marks and Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (c) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{UB}=75.5 \\ & \mathrm{LB}=74.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Condone 75.5[0] or 75.49[9..] <br> Condone 74.5[0] <br> After 0 scored allow: <br> SC1 for one correct value in wrong position |  |
| 3* |  |  | Shows fully correct calculation of both $\mathrm{Cl}\left(4000 \times 1.05^{3}\right.$ oe and $4630.5[0]$ or $630.5[0])$ and $\mathrm{SI}(4000 \times 1.15$ oe and 4600 or 600) and that answer is £30.50. Well laid out answer with correct and clear labelling throughout. <br> Correct answers of (4630.5[0] or $630.5[0]$ ) and (4600 or 600) and that answer is $£ 30.5$ [0]. There may be little working shown and no/incorrect labelling. <br> Finds 4600 or 600 or uses $4000 \times$ $1.05^{3}$ oe. Any working for that value is clear and well presented. Labelling may not be correct. <br> No correct work or no relevant comment. | 5 <br> 4-3 <br> 2-1 <br> 0 | No misread allowed other than 400 or 40000 used consistently <br> For lower mark - Finds 4630.5[0] or $630.5[0]$ or (uses $4000 \times 1.05^{3}$ oe and $4000 \times 1.15 \mathrm{oe})$. Any working is clear and well presented. Labelling may not be correct. <br> For lower mark - Finds 4200 or 200 or uses $4000 \times 1.15$ oe. Little structure to solution. Other work and labelling may not be correct. | 'Labelling' means identifying work as Cl or SI and any other explanation. <br> Accept 200, 210, 220.5[0] seen for 630.5[0] and 200, 200, 200 seen for 600 |
| 4 | (a) | (i) | 0.3 oe nfww | 2 | M1 for 1 - ( $0.2+0.35+0.15)$ soi by answer of 0.48 | In this question -1 once for poor notation in answers eg $\frac{0.3}{1}$ or $0.3: 1$ etc |
|  |  | (ii) | 0.55 oe | 2 | M1 for $0.2+0.35$ soi by answer of 0.37 |  |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part Marks and Guidance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) | 0.0225 oe | 2 | M1 for $0.15 \times 0.15$ oe |  |  |
|  | (c) | 40 | 3 | M2 for $8 \div 0.2$ oe or for two of 6 [red], 14 [blue], 12 [green] soi <br> Or M1 for $8=0.2$, so $4=0.1$ oe soi or for one of 6 [red], 14 [blue], 12 [green] soi | eg $16=0.4$ |  |
| 5 | (a) | $21 x+18$ final answer | 2 | B1 for 21x or [+]18 seen |  |  |
|  | (b) | $10 y-24$ or 2(5y-12) final answer | 3 | B1 for $6 y-30$ soi <br> B1 for $6+4 y$ soi <br> After 0 scored allow: <br> SC1 for $8 y$ seen in answer |  |  |
| 6 |  | Correctly evaluates one value from 2 to 3 inclusive Correctly evaluates one more value between 2 and 3 exclusive Correctly evaluates 2.7 to 2.732 and 2.7321 to 2.8 <br> Answer 2.7 with justification | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | Ignore incorrect trials <br> Correct trials for 2.7 and 2.8 only or 2.7 and 2.75 only or 2.7 and 2.74 only implies the first 3 marks <br> Final mark dependent on 3 scored. Indicating outcome for 2.7 is closer to 4 or evaluating a value between 2.71 and 2.75 inclusive | Their values  <br> 2 -4 <br> 2.1 -3.339 <br> 2.2 -2.552 <br> 2.3 -1.633 <br> 2.4 -0.576 <br> 2.5 0.625 <br> 2.6 1.976 <br> 2.7 3.483 <br> 2.8 5.152 <br> 2.9 6.989 <br> 3 9 | t least 1dp |
| 7 | (a) | Large number of observations oe | 1 | Ignore extra statements |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part Marks and Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) |  | $\frac{\text { Their }(\text { total of } 275,255 \text { and } 241)}{\text { Their (total of all } 6 \text { values) }}$$\frac{771}{1310}$ iswOr 0.58 to 0.59 or $58 \%$ to $59 \%$ <br> Or 0.6 or $60 \%$ | M2 A1 | For M2, allow rounded or truncated values <br> B1 for 771 or 1310 seen <br> Dependent on M2 scored | Also allow <br> M2 for $\frac{275}{449}$ and $\frac{255}{450}$ and $\frac{241}{411}$ <br> [ $0.61 . ., 0.56$ to $0.57,0.58$ to 0.59 oe] <br> Or M1 for $\frac{275}{449}$ or $\frac{255}{450}$ or $\frac{241}{411}$ oe <br> OR <br> M2 for $\frac{257}{436 \text { to } 437}$ oe <br> Or M1 for $(275+255+241) \div 3$ soi by 257 <br> or for $(449+450+411) \div 3$ soi by 436 to 437 |
| 8 | (a) | (i) | $(0,5,3)$ | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | $(6,5,0)$ | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (iii) | $(3,0,1.5)$ | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | 9 | 2 | M1 for $6 \times 3 \div 2$ oe |  |
|  | (c) |  | 8.36 to 8.4 or $\sqrt{70}$ final answer | 3 | M2 for $6^{2}+5^{2}+3^{2}$ oe soi by 70 Or M1 for $\left(6^{2}+5^{2}\right)$ or $\left(6^{2}+3^{2}\right)$ or $\left(5^{2}+\right.$ $3^{2}$ ) soi | May be in two steps for M2 |
| 9 | (a) |  | 186000 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | $4.5[0 ..] \times 10^{13}$ | 2 | M1 for correct substitution of all values into formula or for answer figs 45 | For M1, condone any errors in conversion to ordinary numbers |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part Marks and Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (c) | $c=\sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \text { or } c=\frac{\sqrt{E}}{\sqrt{m}} \text { or } c=\sqrt{E \div m}$ | 2 | B1 for correct form but with ' $c=$ ' omitted <br> or for $c^{2}=\frac{E}{m}$ <br> Or SC1 for $c=\frac{\sqrt{E}}{m}$ |  |
| 10 | (a) | Splitting into rectangles and correctly finding the areas in terms of $x$ | M2 | M1 for splitting into rectangles and correctly trying to find area of one in terms of $x$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eg for M2 } \\ & x \times x+2 x \times 3 \\ & x \times x+x \times 3+x \times 3 \\ & x \times(x+3)+x \times 3 \\ & 2 x \times(x+3)-x \times x \\ & \text { Etc } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | (b) | 7,55 | 1, 1 |  |  |
|  | (c) | 5 or 6 points correctly plotted <br> Curve joining 5 or 6 points | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{FT} \\ & 1 \mathrm{FT} \end{aligned}$ | Within half small square of their 'correct' position <br> Within half small square of their points |  |
|  | (d) | 3.5 to 3.7 inclusive | 1 | Independent |  |
| 11 | (a) | $(x-5)(x-2)$ <br> 5 and 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M2 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | M1 for $(x+\mathrm{a})(x+\mathrm{b})$ <br> where $\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}=-7$ or $\mathrm{ab}=+10$ | Final mark independent of method |
|  | (b) | Substitute for $y$ or equalise coefficients Obtain any correct equation in $x$ (or $y$ ) $\begin{aligned} & x=3 \\ & y=-2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | Allow one error | Final 2 marks independent of method |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part Marks and Guidance |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | (a) | 17.1 | 3 | M2 for $\frac{19.5}{6.5} \times 5.7$ |
|  | (b) |  | 52 | Or M1 for $\frac{19.5}{6.5}$ soi by 3 |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part Marks and Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 |  | $\frac{5}{12}$ oe isw nfww | 5 | -1 for poor notation in answer <br> EITHER <br> M2 for complete, correct tree diagram <br> Or M1 for correct tree with no/wrong probs <br> OR <br> M2 for identifying there are exactly 5 required pairs <br> Some of these may be implied. $\qquad$ <br> Or M1 for 3 of these <br> AND <br> EITHER <br> M2 for $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}$ oe <br> Or M1 for $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{2}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ oe soi OR <br> $\overline{\mathrm{M} 2}$ for identifying there are exactly 12 possible pairs. May be implied. <br> Or M1 for 8 of these | Must include probabilities for M2 <br> $\mathrm{Eg}(3,5)(3,5)(4,4)(4,5)(4,5)$ Or in a 2-way table Eg $(3,5)$ oe and using probability $2 / 3$ Or 5 in numerator of answer eg 5/20 <br> eg $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ oe Decimal equivalents rot to 2 dp at least <br> May be in a 2-way table More than 12 outcomes implies wrong work |



| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part Marks and Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 |  | $\frac{4 x-15}{(x-2)(x-3)}$ or $\frac{4 x-15}{x^{2}-5 x+6}$ final answer | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SC2 for } \frac{2 x^{2}-15}{(x-2)(x-3)} \text { or } \frac{2 x^{2}-15}{x^{2}-5 x+6} \\ & \text { or } \frac{-15}{(x-2)(x-3)} \text { or } \frac{-15}{x^{2}-5 x+6} \end{aligned}$ <br> OR <br> M1 for common denominator $(x-2)(x-3)$ or $x^{2}-5 x+6$ soi <br> And B1 for $x^{2}+5 x-3 x-15-x^{2}+2 x$ oe soi | Final answer <br> Fractions may not be joined Condone any errors in multiplication. MUST be a quadratic <br> Condone one error May not be in a fraction |

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